



STEP Academy Trust

Equality Policy

Date of Policy: Spring 2017

Review: Spring 2019

Introduction

The STEP Academy Trust Board of Trustees has agreed this Policy and, as such, it applies to all Academies within the Trust.

In all STEP Academies, we welcome our duties under the Equality Act 2010 and aim to promote a positive and welcoming culture where discrimination is not tolerated. This policy reflects our commitment to ensuring unbiased treatment that pupils, parents, carers, employees and prospective employees are entitled to expect. We believe that every individual has the right to be valued, respected and offered equal opportunities, access and treatment. This is regardless of race, colour, ethnic origin, nationality, sex, religion, gender, marital status, age, disability or sexuality. We try to promote equality and challenge discrimination and stereotyping to make our Academies truly inclusive and promote high achievement for all.

We welcome our duty under the Education and Inspectors Act 2006 to promote community cohesion.

Guiding Principles

In fulfilling the legal obligations cited above, we are guided by nine principles:

1. All learners are of equal value.

We see all learners and potential learners, and their parents and carers, as of equal value:

- Whether or not they are disabled;
- Whatever their ethnicity, culture, national origin or national status;
- Whatever their gender or gender identity;
- Whatever their religious or non-religious affiliation or faith background;
- Whatever their sexual identity.

2. We recognise and respect difference.

Treating people equally (as per number 1 above) does not necessarily mean treating them all the same. Our policies, procedures and activities must not discriminate but must nevertheless take account of differences of life-experience, outlook and background, and in the kinds of barrier and disadvantage which people may face in relation to:

- Disability, so that reasonable adjustments are made;
- Ethnicity, so that different cultural backgrounds and experiences of prejudice are recognised;
- Gender, so that the different needs and experiences of girls and boys, and women and men, are recognised;
- Religion, belief or faith background;
- Sexual identity.

3. We foster positive attitudes and relationships, and a shared sense of cohesion and belonging.

We intend that our policies, procedures and activities should promote:

- Positive attitudes towards disabled people, good relations between disabled and non-disabled people, and an absence of harassment of disabled people;
- Positive interaction, good relations and dialogue between groups and communities different from each other in terms of ethnicity, culture, religious affiliation, national origin or national status, and an absence of prejudice-related bullying and incidents;

- Mutual respect and good relations between boys and girls, and women and men, and an absence of sexual or homophobic harassment.

4. We observe good equalities practice in staff recruitment, retention and employment.

We ensure that policies and procedures should benefit all employees and potential employees, for example, in recruitment and promotion, and in continuing professional development:

- Whether or not they are disabled;
- Whatever their ethnicity, culture, religious affiliation, national origin or national status;
- Whatever their gender and sexual identity, and with full respect for legal rights relating pregnancy and maternity.

5. We aim to reduce and remove equalities and barriers that already exist.

In addition to avoiding or minimising possible negative impacts of our policies, we take opportunities to maximise positive impacts by reducing and removing inequalities and barriers that already exist between:

- Disabled and non-disabled people;
- People of different ethnic, cultural and religious backgrounds;
- Girls and boys, women and men.

6. We consult and involve widely.

We engage with a range of groups and individuals to ensure that those who are affected by policy or activity are consulted and involved in the design of new policies, and in the review of existing ones. We consult and involve:

- Disabled and non-disabled people;
- People from a range of ethnic, cultural and religious backgrounds;
- Both men and women, girls and boys;
- People of differing sexual orientations.

7. Society as a whole should benefit.

We intend that our policies and activities should benefit society as a whole, both locally and nationally, by fostering greater social cohesion, and greater participation in public life of:

- Disabled and non-disabled people;
- A wide range people from differing ethnic, cultural and religious backgrounds;
- People of differing sexual orientations.

8. We base our practices on sound evidence.

We maintain and publish qualitative information showing our compliance with the public sector equality duty (PSED) set out in clause 149 of the Equality Act 2010. **See Appendix A**

9. Objectives

We formulate and publish specific and measurable objectives, based on the evidence we have collected published (as per 8 above) and the engagement in which we have been involved (as per 7 above). The objectives which we identify take into account national and local priorities and issues as appropriate. We continually review our equality objectives and report annually on progress towards achieving them.

Schools need to publish information showing how they are meeting their duty to have due regard for equalities, and to publish objectives which show how they will better their performance in this area. See **Appendix A** for an example of how STEP Academies can approach this.

The curriculum

We keep each curriculum subject or area under review in order to ensure that teaching and learning reflect the principles set out in the Guiding Principles.

Ethos and organisation

We ensure that principles listed in paragraph 4 above apply to the full range of policies and practices, including those concerned with:

- Pupils' progress, attainment and achievement;
- Pupils' personal development, welfare and well-being;
- Teaching styles and strategies;
- Admissions and attendance;
- Staff recruitment, retention and professional development;
- Care, guidance and support;
- Behaviour, disciplines and exclusions;
- Working in partnership with parents, carers and guardians;
- Working with the wider community.

Addressing prejudice and prejudice-related bullying

STEP Academies are opposed to all forms of prejudice which stand in the way of fulfilling the legal duties:

- Prejudices around disability and special educational needs;
- Prejudices around racism and xenophobia, including those that are directed towards religious groups and communities for example anti-Semitism and Islamophobia, and those that are directed against Travellers, migrants, refugees and people seeking asylum;
- Prejudices reflecting sexism and homophobia.

There is guidance available to all in STEP Academies on how prejudice related incidents should be identified, assessed and dealt with. We keep a record of prejudice related incidents if any and provide a report to the local authority about the numbers, types and seriousness of prejudice related incidents at our Academies and how they are dealt with. **See Appendix C**

Roles and responsibilities

Each Local Governing Body is responsible for ensuring that their Academy complies with legislation, and that this policy and related procedures and action plans are implemented. A member of the governing body has a watching brief regarding the implementation of this policy. The Headteacher is responsible for implementing the policy: for ensuring that all staff are aware of their responsibilities and are given appropriate training and support; and for taking appropriate action in cases of unlawful discrimination.

The SLT has day-to-day responsibility for coordinating implementation of the policy.

All staff are expected to:

- Promote an inclusive and collaborative ethos in their classroom;
- Deal with any prejudice related incidents that may occur;
- Plan and deliver curricula and lessons that reflect the principle in paragraph 4 above;
- Support pupils in their class for whom English is an additional language;
- Keep up to date with equalities legislation relevant to their work.

Information and resources

We ensure that the content of this policy is known to all staff and governors and, as appropriate, to all pupils and their parent and carers. All staff and governors have access to a selection of resources which discuss and explain concepts of quality, diversity and community cohesion in appropriate detail. **See Appendix B**

Religious observance

We respect the religious beliefs and practice of all staff, pupils and parents, and comply with reasonable requests relating to religious observance and practice.

Staff development and training

We ensure that all staff, including support and administrative staff, receive appropriate training and opportunities for professional development, both as individuals and as groups or teams.

Breaches of policy

Breaches of this policy will be dealt with in the same ways that breaches of other STEP Academy policies are dealt with, as determined by the Headteacher and Local Governing Body.

Monitoring and review

We collect, study and use quantitative and qualitative data relating to the implementation of this policy, and make adjustments as appropriate. In particular we collect, analyse and use data in relation to achievement, broken down as appropriate according to disabilities and special educational needs; ethnicity, and gender.

Definitions

Racism: The accepted definition of a racist incident, following the “Macpherson Report”, is: *“any incident which is perceived to be racist by the victim or any other person.”*

Disability: The Disability Discrimination Act 1995 defines a disabled person as someone who has a ‘physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term effect on his or her ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities’. According to the DDA, an impairment is to be treated as affecting the person’s ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities, only if it affects one or more of the following:

- Mobility;
- Manual dexterity;
- Physical co-ordination;
- Continence;
- Ability to lift, carry or otherwise move everyday objects;
- Speech, hearing or eyesight;
- Memory or ability to concentrate, learn or understand and perception of the risk of danger.

Religion or Belief: The Equality Act defines “religion” as being any religion, and “belief” as any religious or philosophical belief. A lack of religion or a lack of belief are also protected characteristics. These definitions are fairly broad and the concepts of religion and belief therefore must be construed in accordance with Article 9 of the European Convention on Human Rights and with existing case law.

Sex/Gender: STEP Academies need to make sure that pupils of one sex are not singled out for different and less favourable treatment from that given to other pupils. They should check that there are no practices which could result in unfair, less favourable treatment of boys or girls. For example, it would be unlawful for an Academy to require girls to learn needlework while giving boys the choice between needlework and woodwork classes.

This policy is to be read in conjunction with our Safeguarding Policies and Equality Policies:

- Child Protection; Safeguarding; Intimate Care; Positive Handling; Anti-Bullying; Behaviour; Health and Safety; Code of Conduct setting out standards and acceptable behaviour for staff; E-Safety and ICT acceptable use; Managing allegations of abuse against staff; Admission; Whistleblowing.
- Gender; Disability; Race Equality; Special Educational Needs.

EQUALITY ACT 2010 – DUTY TO PUBLISH INFORMATION AND OBJECTIVES BY 6 APRIL 2012

A suggested framework for publishing information and objectives

(can post on Academy website e.g. under 'Policies', on notice boards, letter to parent, etc)

NAME of Academy

Introductory blurb

[Could include something along the lines of: Under the Equality Act 2010, we welcome our general duty to eliminate discrimination, to advance equality of opportunity and to foster good relations, and our specific duties to publish information about our Academy population; to explain how we have due regard for equality and to publish equality objectives which show how we plan to tackle particular inequalities and reduce or remove them.]

[Or a shorter more-user friendly version something like: In everything we do as an Academy, we take account of how we can get rid of discrimination, give pupils an equal chance, and encourage everyone to get along.]

Here are some of the ways we do this

[As a minimum, STEP Academies should publish information on pupil population broken down by ethnicity and gender, and about significant difference in attainment between girls and boys, and between pupils of different ethnic background. Useful sources: RAISE on line data, information from the 'narrowing the gap agenda' inspected by Ofsted. Selected examples:]

- The Academy gathers information on the pupil population broken down by ethnicity and gender *[This could be headline information, with links to documents, or where to go for more information.]*
- The Academy gathers information about significant difference in attainment between girls and boys, and between pupils of different ethnic backgrounds *[Ensuring individual pupils can't be identified.]*
- A senior member of staff *[Name]* has special responsibility for equality matters.
- Pupil Premium money is targeted to specific groups. *[add details]*
- There are clear procedures for dealing with prejudice-related bullying and incidents. *[could attach policy, any data, again maintaining confidentiality]*

These are our objectives

A small Academy could possibly have just one; larger Academies might aim for 5-10. You are likely to have existing objectives which you can choose from but you may choose to develop new ones. Make them SMART and think how you can provide updates on them over time. Selected examples:

- Boys are underachieving academically in English, maths and science. 72 per cent of girls, but only 48 per cent of boys, are achieving the expected grades. We have set an objective to improve this figure over a four-year period to 65 per cent of boys reaching the required grade.
- We aim to narrow the gap in participation in the public life of the Academies between disabled pupils (including learning-disabled pupils and other pupils by *[give details of proposed activities with timescales]*
- We want to promote an improved sense of shared belonging in the Academy and in the community. We will do this by... and measure it by...

Date and 'signed by' e.g. Chair of Governors and Head Teacher

EQUALITY ACT 2010 – Useful sources of additional information

[Department for Education](#) (click for link)

- Equality Act Guidance note (and the accompanying summary on the webpage). This document is designed for school leaders, governing bodies and local authorities. It highlights the key points and how the Act applies to schools. Chapter 5 is the key one for practical advice on publishing information and objectives, including some examples of equality objectives.

[Equality and Human Rights Commission](#) – various booklets, particularly:

- Equality information and the equality duty: A guide for public authorities.
- Objectives and the equality duty: A guide for public authorities (18 pages)

[Insted Consultancy](#) – various factsheets including:

- The Equality Act 2010: specific duties for schools;
- Equalities in the Ofsted framework 2012;
- A Model School Policy Statement;
- Model School Policy Statement on Equality.

Government Equalities Office

[Equality Act 2010: Specific duties to support the Equality Duty](#). What do I need to know? A quick start guide for public sector organisations.)

Homophobic and Transphobic Bullying

The Department for Education has published specific guidance on bullying including homophobic and transphobic bullying and bullying related to sexual orientation, transgender, disability, race and religion:

- <http://www.teachernet.gov.uk/wholeschool/behaviour/tacklingbullying/>

The Gender Identity Research and Education Society have published “Guidance on Combating Transphobic Bullying in Schools”

- <http://www.gires.org.uk/transbullying.php>

And Stonewall have a wealth of material on homophobic bullying on their website:

- http://www.stonewall.org.uk/at_school/education_for_all/default.asp

DISCRIMINATION-RELATED INCIDENT REPORT FORM

Academy	Date of Incident
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By <i>(the person responsible for)</i>	Pupil/staff/outside person/s, including parents (Please State)		
	Ethnicity	Gender	Year Group
Against <i>(the victim)</i>	Pupil/staff/outside person/s, including parents (Please State)		
	Ethnicity	Gender	Year group
Victimless incident (Please tick)	Yes	No	

Related nature of incident (Please tick or state)

Disability	Gender	Racism	Sexual orientation
Religion/belief	Pregnancy/maternity	Gender reassignment	Other – e.g) Age, Marriage, Civil Partnership

Brief description of the incident

Action Taken/Victim Support

Name	Position
Signature	Date

All incidents must be reported to the Headteacher and reports kept in the Discrimination File



MONITORING OF DISCRIMINATION RELATED INCIDENTS (TERMLY REPORT)

Name of Academy:	Term:	Academic Year:
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Headteacher/Member of the SLT:	Date:
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Ref no. from incident report form	Number of incidents reported (Please use standard ethnicity codes)								Victimless incident		Type and nature of Incident Reported (Disability = DIS. Gender reassignment = GEA Racism = RAC. Sexual Orientation = SEO Religion/belief = REL. Pregnancy/maternity = PRM Gender = GEN. Age = AGE. Marriage/Civil Partnership = MCP)								
	Victim				Perpetrator						Yes	No	Type of incident	Physical assault	Name calling	Graffiti	Offensive badges	Literature	Incitement of others
	Gender	Ethnicity Code	Year Group	Adult/ Staff	Gender	Ethnicity Code	Year Group	Adult/ Staff											

Did any of these incidents occur outside school premises? Yes No

If yes, please state how many: